



Sample assessment task		
Year level	6	
Learning area	Languages	
Subject	German: Second Language	
Title of task	Meine Freizeit und Hobbys (My free time and hobbies)	
Task details		
Description of task	Students demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of vocabulary, language structures and grammatical elements related to free time.	
	In Part A students demonstrate their skills in responding to spoken German text.	
	In Part B students demonstrate their skills in writing, by describing in a letter how they spend their free time.	
Type of assessment	Summative	
Purpose of assessment	This assessment aims to determine student learning at the time of the assessment. It establishes information on the students' ability to comprehend spoken German and convey information about what they have heard. It also establishes their ability to write in German using expressive language.	
Assessment strategy	Short response – listen for information in spoken text	
	Extended response – write an informal letter	
Evidence to be collected	Completed task sheets Letter	
Suggested time	Part A – 30 minutes Part B – 30 minutes	

Content description		
Content from the	Communicating	
Western Australian Curriculum	Interact with others, using descriptive and expressive language to exchange information and relate experiences about free time	
	Gather, compare and respond to information and supporting details from a range of written, spoken, digital and multimodal texts related to their personal and social worlds	
	Convey information, ideas and opinions related to their personal and social worlds, selecting appropriate written, spoken, digital and multimodal texts to suit specific audiences and contexts	
	Understanding	
	Apply phonic and grammatical knowledge to spell and write unfamiliar words	
	Use context-related vocabulary and develop and apply knowledge of grammatical	
	elements in simple spoken and written texts to generate language for a range of purposes, including:	

- understanding and describing current, recurring and future actions, including by using common separable verbs
- understanding and expressing obligation and permission using the modal verbs müssen and dürfen
- making comparisons using structures
- using the comparative and superlative of adjectives
- comparing the meaning of the modal verbs wollen, sollen, mögen and können with their English equivalents
- describing frequency using adverbs and adverbial expressions
- understanding the meaning of conjunctions dass and weil
- understanding and locating events in time, including the use of the 24-hour clock, prepositions and formulaic expressions

## **Task preparation**

### **Prior learning**

Students have prior knowledge of and exposure to:

- a variety of texts related to free time activities
- context-related vocabulary
- grammatical structures, including the present tense of a variety of verbs, including separable verbs and some modals
- the textual conventions of an informal letter.

# Assessment differentiation

Teachers should differentiate their teaching and assessment to meet the specific learning needs of their students, based on their level of readiness to learn and their need to be challenged.

Where appropriate, teachers may either scaffold or extend the scope of the assessment tasks.

#### Assessment task

Assessment
conditions

Task is completed by students working individually.

#### **Resources**

Task sheets

Transcript of spoken text Bilingual dictionary

#### Instructions for teacher

Prior to administering the task, students will need to be:

- provided with a variety of texts and text types related to free time
- taught context-related vocabulary, including:
  - names of free time activities, such as hobbies, sports, interests
  - their favourite free time activity
  - expressions that indicate with whom free time activities are undertaken; for example, with friends and/or family, alone or in a club
  - expressions that indicate where, when and how often free time activities are undertaken
  - expressions that indicate how much time is spent on free time activities
  - expressions that indicate why students like and dislike free time activities
  - comparing free time activities
- taught grammatical structures, including:
  - the comparitive and superlative
  - understanding the meaning of conjunctions dass and weil
  - the present tense of verbs, including separable verbs, such as ausgehen, mitbringen, fernsehen
  - modals that express ability (können), permission (dürfen) and liking (mögen)
  - describing frequency and time using adverbs and adverbial expressions
- taught the textual conventions of an informal letter, and provided with opportunities to practise them
- taught how to use, and the limitations of, bilingual dictionaries and/or online translators.

#### Students engage in activities, such as:

- responding to spoken and written texts about free time
- responding to images representing free time
- completing grammatical and vocabulary exercises
- surveying others about their free time and/or opinions about a particular interest and presenting results in different formats, such as a presentation to the class or a Venn diagram
- writing short texts about their and others' free time
- designing a poster about themselves and their interests
- categorising interests into those that can be done alone, with friends and/or in teams
- 'interviewing' a famous (sports) star about their free time.

#### **Task**

#### Part A Meine Freizeit und Hobbys

Students listen to four young German speakers talk about their hobbies and free time activities.

Prior to hearing the text, they read the questions, to anticipate what information may be required.

The teacher reads each text twice, and pauses in between each reading to allow students to respond. After the second reading, the teacher allows time for students to complete their responses.

#### Read aloud:

	Hallo, ich bin Annika, und ich wohne in München. In meiner Freizeit mag ich am
a) Annika	liebsten reiten und wandern. Leider kann ich das nicht so oft, weil wir in der Stadt
	wohnen, aber am Wochenende fahren wir oft in die Berge. In den nächsten
	Sommerferien darf ich das erste Mal mit Freunden verreisen und wir machen Ferien auf
	dem Ponyhof. Ich freue mich schon!
	Ich bin gerne zu Hause und sitze gerne vor dem Fernseher. Ich sehe pro Tag zwei
	Stunden fern. Auch spiele ich gerne Videospiele. Aber meine Eltern sagen, dass ich nicht
b) Helene	so oft vor dem Bildschirm sitzen darf. Deshalb lese ich auch. Das mögen meine Eltern
	und ich mag es auch gern. Ich darf so viel lesen, wie ich will. Manchmal gehe ich mit
	dem Hund spazieren in den Park oder meine beste Freundin kommt mich besuchen.
	Ich bin gerne aktiv und mache viel Sport in meiner Freizeit. Montags gehe ich immer in
	den Fußballverein zum Trainieren und am Wochenende haben wir immer Spiele. Tennis
a) Finn	kann ich auch spielen, aber das mache ich nur, wenn ich Lust habe. Ich schwimme
c) Finn	lieber. Das mache ich jeden Freitag. Meistens treffe ich mich mit meinem besten
	Freund Max im Schwimmbad, und wir gehen nach dem Schwimmen noch zusammen
	aus, ein Eis essen oder ins Kino oder so.
	Hallo, ich bin Lukas und ich treffe mich am liebsten mit meinen Freunden in meiner
	Freizeit. Wir treffen uns in der Stadt zum Einkaufen, oder wir gehen ins Kino oder auf
d) Lukas	ein Musikkonzert. Ich mache selbst auch gern Musik, ich kann Gitarre spielen und auch
	ein bisschen Schlagzeug. Das finde ich cooler als die Geige, die ich für die Schule spielen
	muss. Ich finde Geige spielen sehr, sehr langweilig.

#### Part B Meine Freizeit

Students write a letter to one of the four teenagers from Part A.

In their letter, they include information in response to the following questions:

- What are two activities that you do in your free time?
- What do you enjoy about these activities?
- How many times a week do you participate in these activities?
- Do you participate in these activities alone, with a friend, or as part of a team?

They should write approximately 70 words in German, using the textual conventions of an informal letter.

Advise students that they have 30 minutes to complete the task and that they may use a bilingual dictionary, but not an online translator.

# **Meine Freizeit und Hobbys**

### Part A Meine Freizeit und Hobbys

Listen to four young German speakers talk about their hobbies and free time activities. Read the questions carefully beforehand so that you know what information to listen for.

You will hear each text twice, with pauses between each reading to give you time to answer the questions.

For questions 1 to 8, indicate the correct answer with a tick  $[\checkmark]$ .

Annika	
Questio	

Que	stion 1	Which activities does An	nika do in her free time?	(1 mark)
a) b) c) d)	horse ric	ding and hiking ding and running and cycling and reading		
Que	stion 2	Where does she live?		(1 mark)
a) b) c)	in the cit	easide		
d) <b>Que</b>	near an		I to do for the first time during her summer holidays?	(1 mark)
a) b) c) d)	travel w travel by	e movies with her friends ith her friends		
Que	stion 4	For how long does Helen	e watch TV per day?	(1 mark)
a) b) c) d)	2 hours	tes n 2 hours an 2 hours		
Que	stion 5	What are Helene's paren	ts against?	(1 mark)
a) b) c) d)	video ga violent v	h screen time mes video games a front of the television		

Question 6	What do they prefer Helene to do?			(1 mark)
a) her ho	mework			
b) help w	ith chores			
c) read				
d) play sp	ports			
Question 7	What happens sometimes?			(1 mark)
a) she co	oks with her mother			
b) she me	eets her best friend			
c) her be	st friend comes to visit her			
d) her be	st friend walks the dog			
Finn				
Question 8				(4 marks)
			True	False
a) Finn loves	s to do sports.			
b) He plays	with his team on Tuesdays.			
c) He plays t	tennis in professional competitions.			
d) He meets	s his best friend Max at the local pool.			
Lukas				
Question 9				
Fill in the gap	os with the correct word or phrase in English.		(9	9 marks)
Lukas loves to	o (1) his	(1) in his free time. Th	ey meet i	n the city
to go	(1) or they go to the	(1) or a		(1).
He can play _	(1) and	(1). He prefers these to	the violin	, which he
has to play fo	or (1). He thinks playing	the violin is	(1).	

#### Part B Meine Freizeit

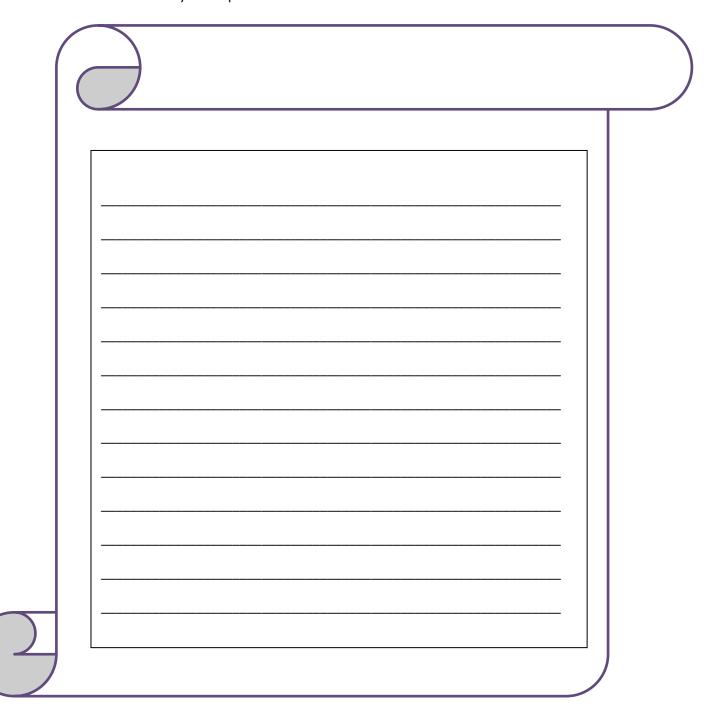
Choose one of the people who you heard in Part A and write them a letter.

Include information about yourself, in response to the following questions:

- What are two activities that you do in your free time?
- What do you enjoy about these activities?
- How many times a week do you participate in these activities?
- Do you participate in these activities alone, with a friend or as part of a team?

Aim to write about 70 words in German, following the textual conventions of a letter.

You have 30 minutes to write your response.



Sample marking key	
Part A Meine Freizeit und Hobbys	
Description	Marks
Question 1	
a) horse riding and hiking	1
Subtotal	1
Question 2	
b) in the city	1
Subtotal	1
Question 3	
c) travel with her friends	1
Subtotal	1
Question 4	
c) 2 hours	1
Subtotal	1
Question 5	
a) too much screen time	1
Subtotal	1
Question 6	
c) read	1
Subtotal	1
Question 7	
c) her best friend comes to visit her	1
Subtotal	1
Question 8	
a) true	1
b) false	1
c) false	1
d) true	1
Subtotal	4
Question 9	T
meet	1
friends	1
go shopping	1
movies / cinema	1
music concert	1
guitar	1
drums	1
school	1
(very) boring	1
Subtotal	9
Part A total	20
Part B Meine Freizeit	
Content	Marks
<ul><li>Writes a letter to one of the people in Part A, including:</li><li>two activities they do in their free time (2)</li></ul>	1-5

<ul> <li>what they enjoy about the activities (1)</li> <li>how many times a week they participate in the activities (1)</li> <li>whether they participate in these activities alone, with a friend or as part of a team (1).</li> </ul>	
Subtotal	5
Grammar	Marks
Writes present tense simple and compound sentences and applies other grammatical elements mostly accurately. Punctuation is mostly correct.	3
Writes present tense simple and compound sentences. Applies other grammatical elements with some accuracy.	2
Frequent grammatical errors make meaning unclear.	1
Subtotal	3
Vocabulary	Marks
Uses a range of relevant vocabulary that is mostly correctly spelled. Most nouns are capitalised.	3
Uses some variety of vocabulary that is usually correctly spelled. Meaning is clear.	2
Uses a limited range of vocabulary. Poor spelling may make meaning unclear.	1
Subtotal	3
Textual conventions	Marks
Applies the conventions of a letter, including a date (1), a salutation (1), and a phrase of leave taking (1).	1-3
Subtotal	3
Part B total	14
Total	34