



SAMPLE TEACHING AND LEARNING OUTLINE

FRENCH: SECOND LANGUAGE

YEAR 8 (PRE-PRIMARY-YEAR 10 SEQUENCE)

Acknowledgement of Country

Kaya. The School Curriculum and Standards Authority (the Authority) acknowledges that our offices are on Whadjuk Noongar boodjar and that we deliver our services on the country of many traditional custodians and language groups throughout Western Australia. The Authority acknowledges the traditional custodians throughout Western Australia and their continuing connection to land, waters and community. We offer our respect to Elders past and present.

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Any resources such as texts, websites and so on that may be referred to in this document are provided as examples of resources that teachers can use to support their teaching and learning programs. Their inclusion does not imply that they are mandatory or that they are the only resources relevant to the learning area syllabus.

This resource may utilise electronic web-based resources, such as YouTube videos. Schools are advised to install advertising blocking software prior to using online material. Additionally, teachers should be present while an electronic resource is in use and close links immediately after a resource such as a video has played to prevent default 'auto play' of additional videos. Where resources are referred to for home study, they should be uploaded through Connect, or an equivalent system, that filters advertising content.

This sample teaching and learning outline provides one possible approach through which the French: Second Language syllabus within the Western Australian Curriculum: Languages can be taught. Consistent with the rationale of the Languages curriculum, this outline supports students' ability to communicate proficiently in a language other than English, with essential communication skills in that language, an intercultural capability, and an understanding of the role of language and culture in human communication.

Time allocation on which the outline is based

Two hours of teaching per week, over one year

Prior knowledge

The sample teaching and learning outline is based on the understanding that in Year 8, learning is characterised by consolidation and progression. The subject builds on the skills and knowledge developed in Year 7, and the understanding required of students to communicate in French, focusing on extending their oral and written communication skills and their understandings of French language and culture. Students increasingly work independently to analyse, reflect on, and monitor their language learning and intercultural experiences; however, they still require guidance through modelling, scaffolding, and monitoring. More information related to this curriculum can be found in the French: Second Language Pre-primary to Year 10 syllabuses https://k10outline.scsa.wa.edu.au/home/teaching/curriculum-browser/languages/french-p-10

This sample teaching and learning outline provides a range of suggested learning activities and assessment tasks, aligned to the curriculum, through which students can apply their acquisition of knowledge, understanding and skills to the focus. The focus provides a broad context through which the content is taught. The outline suggests:

- teaching vocabulary and grammatical elements that show the breadth and depth of language and align with the curriculum
- text types relevant to the learning activities and assessments
- language learning and communication strategies relevant to the focus
- learning activities and assessments from which teachers may choose, according to their class's interests and abilities
- resources suitable to the focus.

It is not expected that teachers administer all learning activities and assessments. It is at the teacher's discretion which of the suggestions are suitable for formative and/or summative assessments. It is also at the teacher's discretion to use other activities and assessments.

French: Second Language Year 8 (Pre-primary—Year 10 sequence) Sample teaching and learning outline

Focus — <i>Une année de fêtes</i> (A year of festivities)					
Communicating	Understanding	Suggested teaching and learning activities and assessments	Resources		
Initiate and maintain spoken and written	Recognise individual elements of spoken	The focus of 'special holidays and travel' can be interpreted a number of ways. 'Special holidays' could mean	Audiovisual texts		
interactions with peers and known adults,	and written words, phrases and non-	religious and secular festivals/experiences/events, holidays that people go on to relax, things that people do	Note: these audiovisual texts are in English with		
using both rehearsed and spontaneous	verbal forms of expression and notice	during a specific holiday or during (school) holiday times. 'Travel' could be interpreted as travelling within or to a	some French		
language to discuss and share ideas,	how they combine to make or to change	country or travelling on transportation. In this outline, students discuss and share ideas, views, opinions and	French Today – Les farces du premier avril en France		
views, opinions and experiences of special	meaningContinue to extend knowledge	experiences of 'special holidays' as they relate to cultural events and festivals.	- April Fool's pranks in France French today		
holidays and travel; for example, <i>Où es-tu</i>	of context-related vocabulary and	Assumed prior learning	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wJIIFRk9zxU		
allé pendant les vacances ? Je suis resté(e)	additional elements of grammar,	Prior to this focus, students need knowledge of vocabulary and grammatical elements associated with the			
chez des amis de mes parents qui habitent	including:	content of the French: Second Language Year 7 (Pre-Primary – Year 10 sequence) syllabus.	Learn French with FrenchPod101.com – 5 Biggest		
à Paris; Etes-vous parti(e) en voyage cet	increasing control of the		Festivals in France. The five festivals are <i>le 14 juillet</i> ,		
été ? Je suis allé(e) à Margaret River, puis	conjugation of regular verbs in <i>le</i>	Teaching	le Festival de Cannes, le Carnaval de Nice, la Fête de		
je suis parti(e) pour Albany; Que faites-	présent, le passé composé,	Teach, and reinforce with students, vocabulary and grammatical elements associated with:	la Musique, le Tour de France. The video clip is a		
vous pour célébrer le réveillon du Jour de	l'imparfait and of high-	purchasing items, including food and drink – considering options, expressing likes and dislikes, choosing and	good introduction to the focus		
l'An ? Eh bien, nous nous réunissons avec	frequency irregular verbs such as	paying for items	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QkW6wSks1Ps		
nos amis et la famille pour le dîner. Cette	avoir, être, faire, devoir, vouloir,	wearing clothing – descriptions of clothing, when and where clothing is usually worn	Learn French with FrenchPod101.com – How to		
année, nous avons joué des jeux de cartes	savoir, aller, for example, Je suis	discussing options about when to go to a (cultural) event; for example, Quand peut-on aller à Disneyland	celebrate New Year in France? The video clip		
jusqu'à minuit avant de sortir sur le balcon	allée en France pour rendre visite à	Paris ? On y va en automne ou au printemps ?	explains the significance of kissing under mistletoe		
pour regarder les feux d'artifice	ma famille française	• discussing options about what someone is going to/must wear; for example, Qu'est-ce qu'on va/doit porter?	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S9gRhYoYIX4		
Engage in tasks that involve planning	 using le passé composé, recognising 	discussing options about what to see, do, eat and/or drink at an experience; for example, Tu veux voir un	FRANCE 24 English – France's Mardi Gras carnivals,		
experiences and activities, such as a	verbs conjugated with <i>être</i> as the	concert ou un spectacle ?; Tu veux manger quelque chose ?; On doit payer x euros pour adultes et x euros	from Dunkirk to Granville. The video clip explains		
birthday party, Christmas or New Year's	auxiliary that involve agreement	pour enfants.	how and why the two cities celebrate Mardi Gras		
Eve festivities, preparing for a real or	between subject and past participle,	discussing options about taking different modes of transport; for example, On prend le bus/train ?; Il faut	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eQot3-KmiHk		
virtual event, trip or excursion, a sporting	for example, Elles sont parties hier	prendre le bus (à 15 heures/à huit heures du matin).			
event or community festival, considering	matin	purchasing tickets on transportation and for entry into an event; for example, Je voudrais deux billets pour	FRANCE 24 English – Flying Bells! How France		
options, negotiating arrangements, solving	recognising and using idiomatic	Aix, s'il vous plaît. Ça coûte combien ?; Ça coûteeuros pour	celebrates Easter. The video clip includes the foods		
problems and participating in transactions	expressions, such as those using	• expressing regret and that something is not/no longer/only available; for example, (Je suis désolé,) mais il n'y	that are typically eaten at Easter and why eggs are delivered by church bells		
that include purchasing goods and services	avoir, for example, avoir soif, avoir	a plus de; Il n'y a que des glaces au chocolat.	'		
Access, summarise and share key ideas	sommeil, avoir peur	discussing plans for a day's excursion; for example, where and when to meet, arrival and departure times,	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IVTx0yuq4BQ		
and information from a range of texts	extending use of l'impératif and le	what to see, do and bring, opening times; for example, Où est-ce qu'on se rencontre? Le bus arrive/part à 16	Samuel and Audrey – Travel and Food Videos –		
related to aspects of their personal and	futur proche	heures.	Celebrating Bastille Day in Paris, France (La Fête		
social worlds and present them in	extending knowledge of negative	asking about and expressing feelings, such as hunger, thirst, fear and sleepiness; for example, <i>Tu as</i>	nationale - Le quatorze juillet). The video clip could		
different formats for the intended	constructions such as neplus,	soif/sommeil ?; J'ai peur !	be watched without the sound track up to 2.10		
audience	nerien, nejamais, neque	describing feelings someone had; for example, J'avais faim.	minutes		
	understanding how to use modal	• telling others to do things at an event; for example, Venez! Voyez! Achetez!	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Jal4YjMf8Y		
Translate and/or interpret texts, including	verb forms to express possibility,	saying someone is going to do something in the near future; for example, On va fêter le Saint Sylvestre	Easy French – How do French celebrate their		
those that use language with colloquial or	obligation and ability, for example,	demain soir.; Nous allons acheter un casse-croûte au snack-bar.	national day? – Easy French 87. The video covers		
cultural associations, and consider why	Je peux m'imaginer; Il doit partir	• saying what you are obliged to, have permission to, want to or can do; for example, On doit payer; On peut	some facts about what is celebrated on 14 July and		
there might be differences in	demain and impersonal	prendre le train d'onze heures.; Je veux prendre un bain de soleil.; Je sais nager.	some historical facts		
interpretation and how language reflects	expressions such as il faut and on	asking and telling others whether someone has been to an event; for example, <i>Tu es déjà allé à un concert</i>	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JlcZMBs8beg		
elements of culture	Continue to build a metalanguage to	(de) ?; Je ne suis jamais allé à un concert.	Learn French with FrenchPod101.com – How do		
Consider how their own biography	describe grammatical concepts and to	• giving information about what happened (at an event; for example, J'ai perdu mon ticket.; J'ai acheté des	French People Celebrate Christmas? The video clip		
influences their identity and	and to	sandwiches.; Il a bu du thé au lait.; J'ai vu un concert à; J'ai pris; J'ai dit; Je suis allé(e) à; Nous sommes	Trendit copie eciculate cilibrillas: The video clip		

Focus – Une année de fêtes (A year of festivities)						
Communicating	Understanding	Suggested teaching and learning activities and assessments	Resources			
Communicating communication and shapes their own intercultural experiences	organise learning resources Apply the structures and conventions associated with a range of text types and identify key features and functions of the different genres Reflect on different aspects of the cultural dimension of learning and using French and consider how this might be interpreted and responded to by members of the community	Suggested teaching and learning activities and assessments parti(e)s à 9 heures.; Mon frère est arrivé en retard. Discuss with students: • secular and religious festivals or events in francophone communities • the seasons in the Northern Hemisphere and how they affect festivals and their associated activities • the types of festivals held in France; for example, (classical) music, dance, historic, food, sporting, entertainment, artistic, film, son et lumière • the 24-hour clock and its use in timetables and opening and closing times. Text types: For the learning activities and assessments selected, expose students to, and teach as required, the textual conventions of the following: blog and vlog posts, calendar, description, diary entry, interview, list, play, poster, role-play, script, short story, speech, summary, table. Language learning and communication strategies Strategies relevant to this focus include: • note-taking • manipulating known elements in a new context. Learning activities and/or assessments In teaching the content, choose from the following and instruct/require students to: • prepare a class calendar of festivals and significant events in francophone communities and reflect on the similarities and differences of an Australian equivalent • reflect on ways people celebrate secular and religious festivals or events in francophone communities and how they are, or are not, celebrated in Australia or in their community. They consider what is important in Australia and its communities and the reasons why • categorise expressions related to special holidays and the festivals with which they are generally associated • use an online translator to translate idioms associated with holidays from French to English and vice versa, and analyse the results • complete a table summarising special holiday, where and when it takes place, what people generally do and eat to celebrate the occasion. The names of the events can be arranged in chronological order for display and future reference	explains the 13 th dessert custom in Provence https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=acCEdvmXss8 FRANCE 24 English – How do the French celebrate the holiday season? With delicious food! The video clip explains traditional food and customs associated with the time between December 24 and January 6 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h6ZcyIFbXsQ Websites Alliance Française French Film Festival https://www.affrenchfilmfestival.org Evènements de l'Alliance Française de Perth https://www.afperth.com.au/cultural-events Poisson d'Avril https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Poisson d%27avril April Fool's Day in France (Poisson d'Avril History and Explanation) by Sophie Nadeau https://www.solosophie.com/april-fools-day-in-france-poisson-davril April Fools' Day in France and French Laughter Vocabulary by Camille Chevalier-Karfis https://www.frenchtoday.com/blog/french-culture/poisson-davril-aprils-fool-in-france French Waterways – Along The Waterways, 20 best festivals and events in France https://www.french-waterways.com/best-festivals-events-france			
		whether it is a secular or religious holiday, where and when it takes place, what people generally do and eat to celebrate the occasion. The names of the events can be arranged in chronological order for display and	festivals and events in France https://www.french-waterways.com/best-festivals-			

Focus – <i>Une année de fêtes</i> (A year of festivities)					
Communicating	Understanding	Suggested teaching and learning activities and assessments	Resources		
		 reasons why) read, listen to or view a text related to special holidays and travel and rewrite a randomly organised list of important aspects in order read, listen to or view a text related to special holidays and travel and retell (part of) it from a different point of view read, listen to or view a dialogue related to the special holidays and travel and create (part of) a short story based on it complete formative and summative assessments using the following assessment tasks: Venez fêter chez nous! (Come celebrate with us!) Students participate in an interview and present information on a radio show segment to promote a French cultural event happening in Australia Le poisson d'avril (April Fool's Day) Part A - Students listen to an interview about a French person celebrating April Fool's Day Part B - Students are to write an email to their French class in Australia to inform them of their experience of April Fool's Day in France compared with Australia. 	Montréal en Lumière https://www.montrealenlumiere.com Carnaval de Québec https://carnaval.qc.ca/le-carnaval/a-propos-du- carnaval International de Montgolfières, Saint-Jean-sur- Richelieu https://www.montgolfieres.com Assessments Accessible on the School Curriculum and Standards Authority website: Venez fêter chez nous ! (Come celebrate with us!) Le poisson d'avril (April Fool's Day)		