

# Year 7 Syllabus

## Year Level Description

The proficiency strands **understanding, fluency, problem-solving** and **reasoning** are an integral part of mathematics content across the three content strands: number and algebra, measurement and geometry, and statistics and probability. The proficiencies reinforce the significance of working mathematically within the content and describe how the content is explored or developed. They provide the language to build in the developmental aspects of the learning of mathematics. The achievement standards reflect the content and encompass the proficiencies.

At this year level:

- **understanding** includes describing patterns in uses of indices with whole numbers, recognising equivalences between fractions, decimals, percentages and ratios, plotting points on the Cartesian plane, identifying angles formed by a transversal crossing a pair of lines, and connecting the laws and properties of numbers to algebraic terms and expressions
- **fluency** includes calculating accurately with integers, representing fractions and decimals in various ways, investigating best buys, finding measures of central tendency and calculating areas of shapes and volumes of prisms
- **problem-solving** includes formulating and solving authentic problems using numbers and measurements, working with transformations and identifying symmetry, calculating angles and interpreting sets of data collected through chance experiments
- **reasoning** includes applying the number laws to calculations, applying

known geometric facts to draw conclusions about shapes, applying an understanding of ratio and interpreting data displays.

## Number and Algebra

### NUMBER AND PLACE VALUE

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Investigate index notation and represent whole numbers as products of powers of prime numbers ([ACMNA149](#))

 Numeracy

Investigate and use square roots of perfect square numbers ([ACMNA150](#))

 Numeracy

Apply the associative, commutative and distributive laws to aid mental and written computation ([ACMNA151](#))

## Measurement and Geometry

### USING UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

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Establish the formulas for areas of rectangles, triangles and parallelograms, and use these in problem-solving ([ACMMG159](#))

 Numeracy

Calculate volumes of rectangular prisms ([ACMMG160](#))

 Numeracy

### SHAPE

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Draw different views of prisms and solids formed from combinations of prisms ([ACMMG161](#))


## Statistics and Probability

### CHANCE

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Construct sample spaces for single-step experiments with equally likely outcomes ([ACMSP167](#))

 Numeracy

 Critical and creative thinking

Assign probabilities to the outcomes of events and determine probabilities for events ([ACMSP168](#))

 Numeracy

 Critical and creative thinking

### DATA REPRESENTATION AND INTERPRETATION

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 Numeracy

Compare, order, add and subtract integers  
[\(ACMNA280\)](#)

 Numeracy

## REAL NUMBERS

Compare fractions using equivalence. Locate and represent positive and negative fractions and mixed numbers on a number line [\(ACMNA152\)](#)


 Literacy

 Numeracy

Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions, including those with unrelated denominators  
[\(ACMNA153\)](#)

 Literacy

 Numeracy

 Critical and creative thinking

 Numeracy

## LOCATION AND TRANSFORMATION

Describe translations, reflections in an axis and rotations of multiples of  $90^\circ$  on the Cartesian plane using coordinates. Identify line and rotational symmetries  
[\(ACMMG181\)](#)

 Literacy

 Numeracy

## GEOMETRIC REASONING

Identify corresponding, alternate and co-interior angles when two straight lines are crossed by a transversal  
[\(ACMMG163\)](#)


 Numeracy

Investigate conditions for two lines to be


Identify and investigate issues involving numerical data collected from primary and secondary sources  
[\(ACMSP169\)](#)

 Literacy

 Numeracy

 Critical and creative thinking


 Ethical understanding

 Intercultural understanding

Construct and compare a range of data displays including stem-and-leaf plots and dot plots  
[\(ACMSP170\)](#)

 Literacy


 Numeracy

 Critical and creative thinking

Calculate mean, median, mode and range for sets of data.


Multiply and divide fractions and decimals using efficient written strategies and digital technologies  
[\(ACMNA154\)](#)

 Numeracy

 Information and Communication Technology (ICT) capability


Express one quantity as a fraction of another, with and without the use of digital technologies  
[\(ACMNA155\)](#)

 Numeracy

 Information and Communication Technology (ICT) capability

Round decimals to a specified number of decimal places  
[\(ACMNA156\)](#)

parallel and solve simple numerical problems using reasoning  
[\(ACMMG164\)](#)

 Critical and creative thinking

Demonstrate that the angle sum of a triangle is  $180^\circ$  and use this to find the angle sum of a quadrilateral  
[\(ACMMG166\)](#)

 Numeracy

Classify triangles according to their side and angle properties and describe quadrilaterals  
[\(ACMMG165\)](#)

 Literacy


 Numeracy

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Interpret these statistics in the context of data  
[\(ACMSP171\)](#)

 Literacy


 Numeracy

 Critical and creative thinking

Describe and interpret data displays using median, mean and range  
[\(ACMSP172\)](#)

 Literacy

 Numeracy


 Critical and creative thinking

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 Numeracy


Connect fractions,  
decimals and  
percentages and carry  
out simple  
conversions  
[\(ACMNA157\)](#)

 Numeracy

 Information and  
Communication  
Technology (ICT)  
capability

Find percentages of  
quantities and express  
one quantity as a  
percentage of another,  
with and without  
digital technologies  
[\(ACMNA158\)](#)

 Numeracy

 Information and  
Communication  
Technology (ICT)  
capability

Recognise and solve  
problems involving

simple ratios

[\(ACMNA173\)](#)

 Literacy

 Numeracy

 Critical and creative

thinking

## MONEY AND FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

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Investigate and  
calculate 'best buys',  
with and without  
digital technologies

[\(ACMNA174\)](#)

 Literacy

 Numeracy

 Information and

Communication

Technology (ICT)

capability

 Critical and creative

thinking


## PATTERNS AND ALGEBRA

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Introduce the concept  
of variables as a way  
of representing

numbers using letters


[\(ACMNA175\)](#)

 Critical and creative  
thinking

Create algebraic  
expressions and  
evaluate them by  
substituting a given  
value for each variable

[\(ACMNA176\)](#)

 Numeracy


 Critical and creative  
thinking

Extend and apply the  
laws and properties of  
arithmetic to algebraic  
terms and  
expressions

[\(ACMNA177\)](#)

 Literacy

 Numeracy

 Critical and creative  
thinking


**LINEAR AND NON-  
LINEAR RELATIONSHIPS**

Given coordinates,

plot points on the Cartesian plane, and find coordinates for a given point

[\(ACMNA178\)](#)


 Numeracy

 Critical and creative thinking

Solve simple linear equations

[\(ACMNA179\)](#)

 Numeracy


 Critical and creative thinking

Investigate, interpret and analyse graphs from authentic data

[\(ACMNA180\)](#)

 Literacy

 Numeracy

 Critical and creative thinking

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Year 7 Achievement Standard



## **Number and Algebra**

At Standard, students [solve](#) problems involving the comparison, addition and subtraction of integers. They make the connections between whole numbers and index notation and the relationship between perfect squares and square roots. Students use fractions, decimals and percentages, and their equivalences. They express one quantity as a fraction or percentage of another. Students [solve](#) problems involving percentages and all four operations with fractions and decimals. They [compare](#) the cost of items to make financial decisions. Students [represent](#) numbers using variables. They connect the laws and properties for numbers to algebra. Students assign ordered pairs to given points on the Cartesian plane. They interpret simple linear representations and model authentic information. Students [solve](#) simple linear equations and [evaluate](#) algebraic expressions after numerical substitution.

## **Measurement and Geometry**

Students [describe](#) different views of three-dimensional objects. They [represent](#) transformations in the Cartesian plane. Students [solve](#) simple numerical problems involving angles formed by a transversal crossing two lines. They use formulas for the area and perimeter of rectangles and calculate volumes of rectangular prisms. Students classify triangles and quadrilaterals. They name the types of angles formed by a transversal crossing parallel lines.

## **Statistics and Probability**

Students [identify](#) issues involving the collection of continuous data. They construct stem-and-leaf plots and dot plots. Students [describe](#) the relationship between the median and mean in data displays. They calculate mean, mode, median and range for data sets. Students determine the sample space for simple experiments with equally likely outcomes and assign probabilities to those outcomes.

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